## South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) <br> Annual Actuarial Valuation <br> as of July 1, 2010

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The experience and dedication you deserve
February 24, 2011

State Budget and Control Board
South Carolina Retirement System
P.O. Box 11960

Columbia, SC 29211-1960

Members of the Board:

The laws governing the operation of the South Carolina Retirement System provide that actuarial valuations of the assets and liabilities of the System shall be made annually. We have conducted the annual actuarial valuation of the South Carolina Retirement System as of July 1, 2010 and the results of the valuation are contained in the following report.

A funding objective of the System is that contribution rates as a percentage of payroll will remain relatively level over time. As these contribution rates are set by the Board, the valuation is used to determine the sufficiency of the contributions to maintain or improve the measures of the System's funding progress (i.e. funded ratio, funding period) and provide for the complete funding of all actuarial liabilities within 30 years.

In performing the valuation, we relied on data supplied by the System and performed limited tests on the data for consistency and reasonableness. All benefits provided under the South Carolina Code of Laws are included in the valuation including the Incidental Death Benefit program which had previously been covered under a separate actuarial valuation. The normal cost and accrued liability of the System are developed using the entry age normal cost method. Under this method, the normal cost is level percent of payroll necessary to fully fund the expected benefits to be earned over the career of each individual active member. The normal cost is partially funded with active member contributions with the remainder funded by employer contributions.

In determining the System's liabilities, future events, such as investment returns, salary increases, deaths, retirements, etc., are anticipated based upon the set of actuarial assumptions as approved by the Board. The assets of the system for valuation purposes are developed using an asset smoothing technique which spreads the recognition of the unexpected portion market related gains and losses over a period of years with the goal of dampening the impact of market volatility upon valuation results.

An unfunded accrued liability exists in the amount equal to the excess of accrued liability over valuation assets. The amortization period of the System is the number of years required to fully amortize the unfunded accrued liability with the expected amount of employer contributions in excess of the employers' portion of the normal cost. The System's current assets together with the scheduled contributions are expected to fully fund the System's liabilities within 30 years. In our opinion, SCRS continues to operate on an actuarially sound basis.

Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

This is to certify that the undersigned are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and have experience in performing valuations for public retirement systems, that the valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the retirement system and on actuarial assumptions and methods that are internally consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the System.

Respectfully submitted,


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Principal and Consulting Actuary


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The table below summarizes the results of the July 1, 2010 actuarial valuation as compared with the prior year. Note that all dollar amounts are shown in thousands.

| Table I-1: Comparative Summary of Principal Results |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Membership | July 1, 2010 | July 1, 2009

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## Section I: Board Summary

## Summary of Key Findings

The employer's contribution rate for the System is scheduled to increase by $0.145 \%$ to $9.535 \%$, beginning July 1,2011 and again by $0.145 \%$ to $9.68 \%$, beginning July 1,2012 . The employer contribution is used to pay the employer's portion of the normal cost and to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL). Beginning July 1, 2010, the Incidental Death Benefit assets, liabilities and contributions are included in this valuation reflecting changes dictated by an amendment to death benefits provided by the plan as a result of the passage of Act 176 of 2010.

The employer normal cost rate increased by $0.15 \%$ from $3.36 \%$ to $3.51 \%$ of covered payroll. Of this increase, $0.10 \%$ is attributable to the inclusion of the Incidental Death Benefit program and the remaining $0.05 \%$ increase is attributable to the experience of the active members. The net contribution towards the UAAL is $6.17 \%$ of covered payroll beginning July 1, 2012 ( $9.68 \%$ total contribution rate less $3.51 \%$ normal cost rate). The unfunded actuarial liability increased from $\$ 11.97$ billion to $\$ 13.37$ billion. The resulting amortization period increased to 37.6 years. In order to satisfy the required 30 -year amortization period as of July 1, 2010, the employer contribution rate effective the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2012 would need to increase by $0.92 \%$ of covered payroll to $10.60 \%$. As an equivalent alternative and as presented in Table V 4, the employer contribution rate increase can be implemented in two steps of $0.48 \%$ of covered payroll increases effective beginning July 1, 2012 and July 1, 2013. The following table summarizes these alternatives:

|  | Employer Contribution Rates <br> for Fiscal Year beginning: |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\underline{\text { 7/1/2011 }}$ | $\underline{\text { 7/1/2012 }}$ | $\underline{\text { 7/1/2013 }}$ |
| Current Scheduled Employer Contribution Rates (July 1, 2009 valuation) | $9.535 \%$ | $9.68 \%$ | $9.68 \%$ |
| Alternative Rate Increases (July 1, 2010 valuation) |  |  |  |
| 1. One-step Annual Employer Contribution Rate Increase | $9.535 \%$ | $10.60 \%$ | $10.60 \%$ |
| 2. Two-step Annual Employer Contribution Rate Increases | $9.535 \%$ | $10.16 \%$ | $10.64 \%$ |

We note the following key findings:

- The UAAL grew by $\$ 957$ million due to interest and decreased by $\$ 662$ million due to the amortization payment. This results in a 1 year decrease to the amortization period.
- The System experienced an actuarial loss on plan assets of $\$ 1,213$ million as a result of investment return on the actuarial value of assets being less than the assumed rate. The loss increased the amortization period by 6.6 years. Table III-3 provides the calculation of the investment loss for this year.
- The System experienced a net actuarial gain $\$ 102$ million on plan liabilities due to non-investment related experience. Table IV-4 provides the reconciliation of the UAAL which is summarized as follows:

1. The System experienced a $\$ 345$ million gain due to salary experience which reduced the funding period by 1.7 years.
2. Partially offsetting these gains were losses primarily attributable to the System turnover experience. The losses increased plan liabilities by $\$ 168$ million and increased the funding period by 0.8 years.
3. The July 1, 2010 valuation reflects the inclusion of the assets and liabilities of the Incidental Death Benefit program. The impact of this was to increase the UAL by $\$ 75$ million, but due to inclusion of the additional $0.15 \%$ of payroll contributions, this did not impact the funding period.
4. Other factors, such as lower than expected active member payroll resulted in a 2.9 year increase in the amortization period. These factors had a minor direct impact on the UAAL.

As noted above, active member salaries increased less than expected over the latest plan year. Based upon the expectation that rates of salary increases will continue to be dampened over the next few years, we have prepared alternative results for the Board's consideration under the following assumption:

The expected rates of salary increase for members with 8 or more years of service are reduced by $2 \%$ for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011 and by 1\% for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012.

The valuation under this alternative assumption results in an increase in the employer contribution rate of $0.69 \%$ of covered payroll beginning July 1, 2012, $0.23 \%$ of covered payroll less than the $0.92 \%$ increase required above. Under the two-step alternative, the employer contribution rate increases would be $0.36 \%$ of covered payroll effective beginning July 1, 2012 and July 1, 2013. The table below provides the impact of the alternate salary increase assumption on the employer contribution rate increases.

|  | Employer Contribution Rates <br> for Fiscal Year beginning: |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 7/1/2011 | 7/1/2012 | 7/1/2013 |
| Current Scheduled Employer Contribution Rates (July 1, 2009 valuation) | $9.535 \%$ | $9.68 \%$ | $9.68 \%$ |
| Alternative Rate Increases (July 1, 2010 valuation) |  |  |  |
| 1. One-step Annual Employer Contribution Rate Increase | $9.535 \%$ | $10.37 \%$ | $10.37 \%$ |
| 2. Two-step Annual Employer Contribution Rate Increases | $9.535 \%$ | $10.04 \%$ | $10.40 \%$ |

Section II of the report provides summarized information on the membership data used in the valuation. Section III of the report covers the System's assets and Section IV of the report covers the System's liabilities. The results of the valuation are provided in Section V of the report and the accounting information is in Section VI. The appendices provide additional information on: A) the System members; B) the actuarial assumptions and methods; and C) the summary of plan provisions. It should be noted that all information contained in this report for periods prior to July 1, 2009 were produced by a prior actuarial consulting firm.

Data regarding the membership of the System for use in the valuation were furnished by the Retirement Systems. The following table summarizes the membership data as of July 1,2010 and is compared with that reported for the prior year.

Table II-1: Summary of Membership Data

|  | July 1, 2010 | July 1, 2009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Active Members |  |  |
| Number of State Employees | 53,142 | 54,347 |
| Total Annual Compensation | \$2,367,943 | \$2,396,568 |
| Number of Public School Employees | 83,935 | 85,491 |
| Total Annual Compensation | \$3,372,435 | \$3,378,595 |
| Number of Other Agency Employees | 53,162 | 52,481 |
| Total Annual Compensation | \$2,029,442 | \$1,986,645 |
| Total Number of Active Members | 190,239 | 192,319 |
| Total Annual Compensation | \$7,769,820 | \$7,761,808 |
| Number of Active TERI Participants | 5,164 | 6,633 |
| Total Annual Compensation | \$312,884 | \$390,542 |
| Number of Rehired Retired Members | 15,383 | 14,281 |
| Total Annual Compensation | \$571,286 | \$542,433 |
| Number of ORP Members | 20,981 | 21,207 |
| Total Annual Compensation | \$987,727 | \$974,487 |
| Retirees and Beneficiaries |  |  |
| Number of Service Retirements ${ }^{1}$ | 91,743 | 88,830 |
| Total Annual Benefit Payments | \$1,842,703 | \$1,745,582 |
| Number of Disability Retirements | 11,906 | 11,567 |
| Total Annual Benefit Payments | \$153,889 | \$145,524 |
| Number of Beneficiaries | 7,745 | 7,617 |
| Total Annual Benefit Payments | \$84,783 | \$81,601 |
| Inactive Members ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| Number of Non-vested Inactive Members | 139,035 | 139,133 |
| Number of Vested Inactive Members | 17,836 | 17,866 |
| All dollar amounts are in thousands. |  |  |

1. Number of Service Retirements includes Active TERI participants and Rehired Retirees.
2. Non-vested inactive members are those with less than 5 years of service and only entitled to a refund.

## Section III: System Assets

The following tables provide information on the System's assets and cash flow.

| Table III-1: Market Value Reconciliation and Cash Flow |  |
| :--- | :---: |
|  | July 1, 2010 |

* Adjusted to include Incidental Death Benefit Assets

A mature System such as SCRS is expected to exhibit negative net cash flow as the number of members receiving benefit payments becomes a larger portion of total membership. In periods with a significant change in the market value of assets, the cash flow as a percent of market value will likewise fluctuate.

## Development of Actuarial Value of Assets

The Actuarial Value of Assets represents a "smoothed" value developed with the purpose to dampen the impact of market volatility on the assets used in determining valuation results. The Actuarial Value of Assets has been calculated by spreading the recognition of excess investment income over ten years (five years for income prior to July 1, 2007). The amount of excess investment income in each year is the difference between expected and actual market value investment income. Table III-2 provides the calculation of the amount of the current year market value excess investment income to be phased-in as well as the total amount of deferred excess investment income from the current and prior years calculated in the development of the actuarial value of assets.

| Table III-2: Development of Actuarial Value of Assets |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Current Year Excess Investment Income |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Market Value of Assets at Beginning of Year* |  |  |  | \$17,817,479 |
| 2. Value of TERI Accounts at Beginning of Year |  |  |  | 430,805 |
| 3. TERI Net Cash Flow During the Year |  |  |  | $(108,455)$ |
| 4. Total Net Cash Flow During the Year (3+ Table III-1 Net Cash Flow) |  |  |  | $(839,283)$ |
| 5. Market Value of Assets at End of Year |  |  |  | 19,681,137 |
| 6. Value of TERI Accounts at End of Year |  |  |  | 322,350 |
| 7. Actual Investment Income During the Year Based on Market Value |  |  |  | 2,594,486 |
| 8. Expected Earnings for the Year |  |  |  |  |
| a. Market Value of Assets, Beginning of Year [ $1+2$ ) $\times 8.00 \%$ ] |  |  |  | 1,459,863 |
| b. Net Cash Flow ( $4 \times 8.00 \% \times .5$ ) |  |  |  | $(33,571)$ |
| c. Total ( $\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}$ ) |  |  |  | 1,426,292 |
| 9. Current Year Excess Investment Income (7-8c) |  |  |  | \$1,168,194 |
| Calculation of Total Amount of Deferred Excess Investment Income |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Amounts of Excess Investment Income from Current and Prior Years |  |  |  |  |
| Valuation Year | Excess Investment Income* | Percent Deferred | Amount Deferred* |  |
| 2010 | \$1,168,194 | 90\% | \$1,051,375 |  |
| 2009 | $(6,646,070)$ | 80\% | $(5,316,856)$ |  |
| 2008 | $(2,459,444)$ | 70\% | (1,721,611) |  |
| 2007 | 1,339,490 | 20\% | 267,898 |  |
| Total Amount of Deferred Excess Investment Income |  |  | (\$5,719,194) |  |
| 11. Actuarial Value of Assets as of July 1, 2010 (5-10) |  |  |  | \$25,400,331 |
| Approximate Rate of Return on Actuarial Value of Assets |  |  |  | 3.3\% |
| All dollar amounts are in | nds. |  |  |  |

[^1]
## Section III: System Assets

The actuarial valuation assumes the investment income on the assets of the System is $8.00 \%$ annually. This assumption is based upon the reasonable long-term expected return on the assets. In each year, the System will experience actuarial gains and losses due to the actual investment return of the assets.

## Table III-3: Calculation of Actuarial Investment Gain/(Loss)

1. Actuarial Value of Assets at Beginning of Year*
\$25,317,773
2. Value of TERI Accounts Beginning of Year 430,805
3. Total Net Cash Flow (Table III-2(4)) $(839,283)$
4. Expected Return on Actuarial Value of Assets [ $(1+2) \times 8.00 \%+3 \times 8.00 \% \times .5]$

2,026,315
5. Value of TERI Accounts End of Year 322,350
6. Expected Actuarial Value of Assets at End of Year (1+2+3+4-5) \$26,613,260
7. Actual Actuarial Value of Assets at End of Year (Table III-2(11)) \$25,400,331
8. Actuarial Gain/(Loss) Due to Investment Experience (7-6) (\$1,212,929)

All dollar amounts are in thousands.

* Adjusted to include Incidental Death Benefit Assets

As recommended in the latest experience study (covering the 5 year period ending June 30, 2007), the Board moved to adopt an increase to the asset smoothing period from 5 to 10 years for gains and losses experienced after June 30, 2007. The change to a longer asset smoothing period had the purpose of adjusting for the additional expected volatility of returns due to less restrictive asset allocation and the expansion of allowable asset classes in which the system can now invest.

The present value of benefits is the value as of the valuation date of all future benefits expected to be paid to current members of the System. Table IV-1 presents the present value of benefits by category as of the valuation date.

## Table IV-1: Present Value of Benefits

## Active Members

Service Retirement \$17,679,370
Disability Retirement 1,393,803
Survivors' Benefits 305,892
Termination
1,458,780
Incidental Death Benefits
148,464
Total for Active Members \$20,986,309
Inactive Members
Non-Vested (Refund only) \$187,784
Vested (includes Incidental Death) $\quad \underline{606,597}$
Total for Inactive Members
\$794,381
Retirees and Beneficiaries
Service Retirements
\$20,167,246
Disability Retirements
1,505,445
Beneficiaries
803,177
Incidental Death Benefits
109,375
Total for Retirees and Beneficiaries
\$22,585,243

Total Present Value of Benefits
\$44,365,933

All dollar amounts are in thousands.

An actuarial cost method allocates each individual's present value of benefits to past and future years of service. The actuarial accrued liability includes the portion of the active member present value of benefits allocated to past service as well as the entire present value of benefits for retirees, beneficiaries and inactive members. Table IV-2 presents the actuarial accrued liability as of the valuation date for active members.

## Table IV-2: Actuarial Accrued Liability

Active Members

| Service Retirement | $\$ 14,099,824$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Disability Retirement | 881,868 |
| Survivors' Benefits | 218,224 |

Survivors' Benefits 218,224
Termination 98,205
Incidental Death Benefits $\quad \underline{96,284}$
Total for Active Members \$15,394,405
Total for Inactive Members (Table IV-1)
Total for Retirees and Beneficiaries (Table IV-1)
794,381
\$22,585,243

Total Actuarial Accrued Liability
\$38,774,029

All dollar amounts are in thousands.

The funded ratio of the System is the ratio of the actuarial value of assets (Table III-2) divided by the actuarial accrued liability (Table IV-2) as of the valuation date. As of July 1, 2010, the funded ratio of the System is $65.5 \%$ as compared to the ratio in prior valuation of $67.8 \%$. The decline in the funded ratio is primarily attributable to the investment experience during the year. The ratio is a commonly used measure of the funding progress of a System and can be useful in reviewing the historical trend of a System's funding progress. Such a review should also consider the impact to this measure over the historical period due to changes to plan benefits, changes to the actuarial assumptions and methods, and significant impact that investment experience can have on the ratio over short-term periods. We caution that no single "point in time" measure can provide a universal basis for comparing one System to another.

Under the valuation funding method, an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) exists to the extent that the actuarial accrued liability exceeds the actuarial value of assets as presented in Section III. The calculation of the UAAL as of the valuation date is shown in Table IV-3.

Table IV-3: Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)

1. Total Actuarial Accrued Liability (Table IV-2)
\$38,774,029
2. Actuarial Value of Assets (Table III-2(11))
\$25,400,331
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (1-2)
\$13,373,698

All dollar amounts are in thousands.

Although the terminology used to describe the excess of the System's actuarial accrued liability over the System's actuarial value of assets is call the "unfunded" actuarial accrued liability, there is a dedicated source of funding for this liability. The scheduled contributions are expected to completely fund the System's liabilities (pay off the UAAL) within 30 years.

The calculation of the System's actuarial assets and liabilities require the use of several assumptions concerning the future experience of the System and its members. In each annual valuation, the latest year of actual experience is compared to that expected by the prior valuation. The differences are actuarial gains and losses which decrease or increase the UAAL. Table IV-4 provides for the reconciliation of the UAAL and shows the primary sources of this year's gains and losses due to actuarial experience.

## Table IV-4: Reconciliation of the UAAL

1. Beginning of Year UAAL
\$11,967,253
2. Expected Amortization Payment $(636,937)$
3. Expected Interest ( $1 \times 8.00 \%+2 \times 8.00 \% \times .5)$ 931,903
4. Expected End of Year UAAL $(1+2+3)$ \$12,262,219
5. Actuarial Experience (Gain)/Loss

Salary Experience $(344,630)$
COLA
Turnover and Other Liability Experience 168,477
Addition of Incidental Death Benefit
74,703
Asset Experience
1,212,929
Total Actuarial (Gain)/Loss
\$1,111,479
6. End of Year UAAL $(4+5)$ \$13,373,698

All dollar amounts are in thousands.

## Section V: Actuarial Valuation Results

The employer contribution rate established by the Board funds the employers' portion of the normal cost and amortizes the UAAL over a period not to exceed 30 years. The primary result of the actuarial valuation is to test the sufficiency of the employer contribution rate to meet these funding requirements.

Section IV of this report presented the System's actuarial accrued liability as the portion of the present value of benefits allocated to past years of service. The portion of the active members' present value of benefits allocated to future years of service is funded through annual normal cost contributions comprised of both active member and employer contributions. The System's annual normal cost rate is calculated as a percent of covered payroll which is expected to remain level over all future years of service. The portion of the total normal cost rate in excess of the active member contribution rate is the employer normal cost rate. The normal cost rate developed as of the valuation date is presented in Table V-1.

| Table V-1: Normal Cost Rate |  |
| :--- | ---: |
|  |  |
| Normal Cost Rate of Active Members by Expected Benefit Type | $6.49 \%$ |
| Service Retirement | $0.89 \%$ |
| Disability Retirement | $0.16 \%$ |
| Survivors' Benefits | $2.37 \%$ |
| Termination | $\underline{0.10 \%}$ |
| Incidental Death Benefits | $10.01 \%$ |
| Total Normal Cost Rate for Active Members | $\underline{6.50 \%}$ |
| Less: Active Member Contribution Rate | $3.51 \%$ |
| Employer's Normal Cost Rate |  |

The established employer contribution rate as of July 1, 2010 is 9.39\% of active member payroll (9.535\% effective July 1, 2011, and 9.68\% effective July 1, 2012) and includes the $0.15 \%$ contribution rate required for funding the Incidental Death Benefit program. Beginning July 1, 2010, the Incidental Death Benefit program assets, liabilities, and contributions are included in this valuation. The employer contribution rate is available to fund the annual normal cost and amortize the UAAL as a level percent of payroll. In addition, there are other, less significant sources of UAAL amortization funding based upon the payroll of Teacher and Employee Retirement Incentive (TERI) participants, Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) participants and retirees reemployed in positions covered by the System. The contribution rates of these groups, along with the rate of active member payroll which is available to amortize the UAAL, is shown in Table V-2.

| Table V-2: UAAL Amortization Rate |  |
| :--- | :---: |
|  |  |
| Calculation of Amortization Rate on Active Member Payroll* |  |
|  | \% of Payroll |
| Statutory Employer Contribution Rate | $9.68 \%$ |
| Less: Employer Normal Cost Rate (Table V-1) | $\underline{3.51 \%}$ |
| Employer Contribution Rate Available to Amortize UAAL | $6.17 \%$ |
|  |  |
| Additional Sources of Amortization Funding | \% of Payroll |
| TERI participants | $16.18 \%$ |
| ORP participants | $4.68 \%$ |
| Rehired Retiree participants | $16.18 \%$ |

* Reflects 0.145\% increase effective July 1, 2011 and 0.145\% increase effective July 1, 2012. In addition, reflects Incidental Death Benefit Contribution Rate.

The System's amortization period or funding period is the calculated number of years necessary to fully amortize the UAAL with the available contribution amounts from all sources. The calculation assumes that the payroll of all sources, active members, TERI participants, ORP participants and rehired retirees, will increase at an annual rate of $4.0 \%$ each future year. The assumed rate of payroll growth reflects the System's assumption for long-term wage inflation and does not anticipate future increases in number of participants. Based upon this method, as of July 1, 2010 the calculated amortization period required to fully amortize UAAL (Table IV-3) with the expected amortization funding from all sources is 37.6 years.

If all actuarial assumptions were met exactly, the amortization period would be expected to have decreased by 1 year from the period calculated in the prior valuation. The actual experience of the latest valuation has increased the amortization period by 7.6 years. The sources and magnitude of changes to the calculated amortization period due to the actual experience over the plan year are provided in Table V -3 on the following page.

| Table V-3: Reconciliation of Calculated Amortization Period |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1. Amortization Period Calculated as of July 1, 2009 | $\frac{\text { Years }}{\text { (reflecting employer rate increases July 1, } 2011 \text { and July 1, 2012) }}$ |
| 2. Change in years due to: |  |
| Expected Decrease | $(1.0)$ |
| COLA Experience | 0.0 |
| Salary Experience | $(1.7)$ |
| Turnover Experience | 0.8 |
| Addition of Incidental Death Benefit program | 0.0 |
| Other Experience (e.g. Payroll Growth) | 2.9 |
| Asset Experience | $\underline{6.6}$ |
| Total |  |
| 3. Amortization Period Calculated as of July 1, 2010 (1+2) |  |
|  |  |

If the calculated amortization period exceeds the statutory maximum, the Board may schedule an increase(s) in the employer contribution rate in order to re-establish a 30 -year amortization period as of the valuation date. For the Board's consideration, in Table V-4 we have provided a schedule of increases to the employer contribution rate that will satisfy a 30-year amortization period as of July 1, 2010.

Table V-4: Alternative Employer Contribution Rate Increases

| Alternative Description | Rate Increase |
| :---: | :---: |
| One-step Annual Employer Contribution Rate Increase beginning 7/1/2012 | $0.92 \%$ |
| Two-step Annual Employer Contribution Rate Increase |  |
| Beginning July 1, 2012 | $0.48 \%$ |
| Beginning July 1, 2013 | $\underline{0.48 \%}$ |
| Total Increase | $0.96 \%$ |
| Rate Increases Reflecting Alternate Salary Increase Assumption: |  |
| One-step Annual Employer Contribution Rate Increase beginning <br> Two-step Annual Employer Contribution Rate Increase <br> Beginning July 1, 2012 <br> Beginning July 1, 2013 <br> Total Increase | $0.69 \%$ |

The Tables provided in this Section present disclosure information necessary to comply with GASB requirements and are relevant for the annual financial reporting of the System.

## Table VI-1: GASB Statement No. 25 Schedule of Funding Progress

| Actuarial Valuation as of July 1 | Actuarial Value of Assets | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) | Actuarial Assets as a \% of Actuarial Liabilities | Unfunded AAL <br> (UAAL) | Annual Active <br> Member <br> Payroll | UAAL as a \% of Active Member Payroll |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 | \$ 25,400,331 | \$ 38,774,029 | 65.5\% | \$13,373,698 | \$ 7,769,820 | 172.1\% |
| 2009 | 25,183,062 | 37,150,315 | 67.8\% | 11,967,253 | 7,761,808 | 154.2\% |
| 2008 | 24,699,678 | 35,663,419 | 69.3\% | 10,963,741 | 7,559,172 | 145.0\% |
| 2007 | 23,541,438 | 33,766,678 | 69.7\% | 10,225,240 | 7,093,181 | 144.2\% |
| 2006 | 22,293,446 | 32,018,519 | 69.6\% | 9,725,073 | 6,733,379 | 144.4\% |
| 2005 | 21,625,510 | 30,217,471 | 71.6\% | 8,591,961 | 6,356,489 | 135.2\% |
| 2004 | 20,862,659 | 25,977,852 | 80.3\% | 5,115,193 | 6,180,599 | 82.8\% |
| 2003 | 20,197,936 | 24,398,931 | 82.8\% | 4,200,995 | 6,240,768 | 67.3\% |
| 2002 | 19,298,174 | 22,446,574 | 86.0\% | 3,148,400 | 6,147,712 | 51.2\% |
| 2001 | 18,486,773 | 21,162,147 | 87.4\% | 2,675,374 | 6,017,537 | 44.5\% |

All dollar amounts are in thousands.

## Table VI-2: Solvency Test

| Actuarial Valuation as of July 1 | Actuarial Accrued Liability for: |  |  | Valuation Assets | Portion of Aggregate Accrued Liabilities Covered by Assets |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Active Member Contributions | Retirants \& Beneficiaries | Employer <br> Funded <br> Portion of <br> Active <br> Members |  |  |  |  |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) |  | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| 2010 | \$6,222,854 | \$22,585,243 | \$9,965,932 | \$25,400,331 | 100\% | 84.9\% | 0.0\% |
| 2009 | 5,980,022 | 21,381,561 | 9,788,732 | 24,183,062 | 100\% | 89.8\% | 0.0\% |
| 2008 | 5,708,620 | 20,624,862 | 9,329,937 | 24,699,678 | 100\% | 92.1\% | 0.0\% |
| 2007 | 5,464,756 | 19,084,672 | 9,217,250 | 23,541,438 | 100\% | 94.7\% | 0.0\% |
| 2006 | 5,229,175 | 17,800,254 | 8,989,090 | 22,293,446 | 100\% | 95.9\% | 0.0\% |
| 2005 | 4,915,423 | 16,891,954 | 8,410,094 | 21,625,510 | 100\% | 98.9\% | 0.0\% |
| 2004 | 4,750,077 | 14,184,765 | 7,043,010 | 20,862,659 | 100\% | 100.0\% | 27.4\% |
| 2003 | 4,627,360 | 13,240,368 | 6,531,203 | 20,197,936 | 100\% | 100.0\% | 35.7\% |
| 2002 | 4,512,402 | 11,600,395 | 6,333,777 | 19,298,174 | 100\% | 100.0\% | 50.3\% |
| 2001 | 4,339,747 | 10,367,913 | 6,454,487 | 18,486,773 | 100\% | 100.0\% | 58.6\% |

All dollar amounts are in thousands.

Table VI-3: Active Member and Payroll Information

| Actuarial <br> Valuation <br> as of July 1 | Number of <br> Employers | Number of <br> Active <br> Members | Annual Payroll <br> $(\$ 000$ 's) | Annual <br> Average <br> Pay | Percentage <br> Increase in <br> Average Pay |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 | 800 | 190,239 | $\$ 7,769,820$ | $\$ 40,842$ | $1.20 \%$ |
| 2009 | 781 | 192,319 | $7,761,808$ | 40,359 | $2.95 \%$ |
| 2008 | 776 | 192,820 | $7,559,172$ | 39,203 | $3.89 \%$ |
| 2007 | 777 | 187,968 | $7,093,181$ | 37,736 | $3.28 \%$ |
| 2006 | 763 | 184,282 | $6,733,379$ | 36,538 | $4.06 \%$ |
| 2005 | 768 | 181,022 | $6,356,489$ | 35,114 | $3.30 \%$ |
| 2004 | 763 | 181,827 | $6,180,599$ | 33,992 | $1.06 \%$ |
| 2003 | 763 | 185,538 | $6,240,768$ | 33,636 | $3.50 \%$ |
| 2002 | 746 | 189,166 | $6,147,712$ | 32,499 | $3.42 \%$ |
| 2001 | 739 | 191,494 | $6,017,537$ | 31,424 | $5.15 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table VI-4: Schedule of Retirants Added to and Removed from Rolls

|  | Added to Rolls |  | Removed from Rolls |  | Roll End of Year |  | \% Increase in Annual Allowances | Average Annual Allowances |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year Ended July 1 | Number | Annual Allowances (\$000's) | Number | Annual Allowances (\$000's) | Number | Annual Allowances (\$000's) |  |  |
| 2010 | 6,596 | \$47,429 | 3,216 | \$44,049 | 111,394 | \$2,081,376 | 5.4\% | \$18,685 |
| 2009 | 6,190 | 101,813 | 2,698 | 36,834 | 108,014 | 1,974,077 | 3.4\% | 18,276 |
| 2008 | 6,021 | 132,856 | 2,396 | 30,178 | 104,522 | 1,909,098 | 5.7\% | 18,265 |
| 2007 | 5,944 | 130,286 | 2,252 | 28,455 | 100,897 | 1,806,420 | 6.0\% | 17,904 |
| 2006 | 4,621 | 118,271 | 2,083 | 24,099 | 97,205 | 1,704,589 | 5.8\% | 17,536 |
| 2005 | 7,203 | 167,748 | 2,143 | 23,537 | 94,667 | 1,610,417 | 9.8\% | 17,011 |
| 2004 | 7,319 | 151,477 | 2,132 | 22,656 | 89,607 | 1,466,206 | 9.6\% | 16,363 |
| 2003 | 7,866 | 163,867 | 2,510 | 27,662 | 84,420 | 1,337,385 | 11.3\% | 15,842 |
| 2002 | 7,344 | 140,077 | 2,334 | 24,531 | 79,064 | 1,201,180 | 10.6\% | 15,193 |
| 2001 | 12,523 | 284,739 | 2,474 | 23,735 | 74,054 | 1,085,634 | 31.7\% | 14,660 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table VI-5: Retired Members and Beneficiaries as of July 1, 2010


| Table VI-6: Valuation Balance Sheet <br> as of July 1, 2010 <br> (Amounts expressed in thousands) |
| :--- |
| Assets |
| Current Assets (Actuarial Value) |
| Employee Annuity Savings Fund |
| Employer Annuity Accumulation Fund |
| Total Current Assets |
| Present Value of Future Member Contributions |
| Present Value of Future Employer Contributions |
| Normal Contributions |
| Accrued Liability Contributions |
| Total Future Employer Contributions |
| Total Assets |
| Liabilities |
| Employee Annuity Savings Fund |
| Past Member Contributions |
| Present Value of Future Member Contributions |
| Total Contributions to Employee Annuity Savings Fund |
| Employer Annuity Accumulation Fund |
| Benefits Currently in Payment (including TERI) |
| Benefits to be Paid to Current Active Members |
| (including vested terminated members) |
| Total Benefits Payable from Employer Annuity |
| Accumulation Fund |

# Table VI-7: Results of the Valuation <br> as of July 1, 2010 <br> (Amounts expressed in thousands) 

## Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits

| Present Retired Members and Beneficiaries | $\$ 22,475,868$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Present Active and Inactive Members | $\underline{21,890,066}$ |

Total Actuarial Present Value \$44,365,934

Present Value of Future Normal Contributions

| Employee | $\$ 3,709,689$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Employer | $\mathbf{1 , 8 8 2 , 2 1 6}$ |
| Total Future Normal Contributions | $\$ 5,591,905$ |

Actuarial Liability $\quad \$ 38,774,029$
Current Actuarial Value of Assets $\quad \$ 25,400,331$

Unfunded Actuarial Liability $\quad \$ 13,373,698$

Unfunded Actuarial Liability Rate*
Active Members 6.17\%
TERI Members (including employee contributions) ${ }^{\star \star} \quad 16.18 \%$
ORP Members 4.68\%
Re-employed Members (including employee contributions) $16.18 \%$
Unfunded Actuarial Liability Liquidation Period** 30 years

* Reflects 0.145\% increase effective July 1, 2011 and 0.145\% increase effective July 1, 2012. In addition, reflects Incidental Death Benefit Contribution Rate.
** The total contribution rate is required to increase by $0.92 \%$ in FY12 or $0.48 \%$ in FY12 and $0.48 \%$ in FY13 in order to maintain a 30 year period.

Table A-1: Schedule of Active Participant Data as of July 1, 2010

| AGE | Years of Service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 5 | 5 to 9 | 10 to 14 | 15 to 19 | 20 to 24 | 25 to 29 | 30 to 34 | 35 \& up | Total |
| Under 25 <br> Avg. Pay | $\begin{array}{r} 5,142 \\ 26,049 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 56 \\ 27,348 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5,198 \\ 26,063 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 25 \text { to } 29 \\ \text { Avg. Pay } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,982 \\ & 33,169 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,934 \\ 37,859 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 56 \\ 34,403 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 15,972 \\ & 34,035 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 30 \text { to } 34 \\ \text { Avg. Pay } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,187 \\ 34,625 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,020 \\ 41,574 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,351 \\ 45,008 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14 \\ 42,044 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 18,572 \\ & 38,572 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 35 \text { to } 39 \\ \text { Avg. Pay } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,066 \\ 34,254 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,571 \\ 40,547 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,772 \\ 48,769 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,700 \\ 53,056 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29 \\ 48,280 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 22,138 \\ & 41,740 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 40 \text { to } 44 \\ \text { Avg. Pay } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,914 \\ 33,105 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,163 \\ 39,070 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,404 \\ 45,418 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,808 \\ 53,392 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,823 \\ 52,491 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ 49,806 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 25,162 \\ & 42,287 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 45 \text { to } 49 \\ \text { Avg. Pay } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,489 \\ 32,929 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,406 \\ 37,076 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,199 \\ 41,806 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,805 \\ 48,905 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,790 \\ 55,415 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,079 \\ 56,756 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ 48,978 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 28,795 \\ & 42,897 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 50 \text { to } 54 \\ \text { Avg. Pay } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,490 \\ 32,387 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,863 \\ 36,887 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,292 \\ 40,623 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,897 \\ 46,049 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,041 \\ 51,089 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,786 \\ 59,783 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 668 \\ 58,755 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 54,577 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29,042 \\ & 43,259 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 55 \text { to } 59 \\ \text { Avg. Pay } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,403 \\ 33,738 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,197 \\ 38,430 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,564 \\ 41,217 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,670 \\ 44,868 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,609 \\ 49,205 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,347 \\ 57,524 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 787 \\ 62,458 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 107 \\ 60,927 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24,684 \\ & 43,130 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 60 \text { to } 64 \\ \text { Avg. Pay } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,119 \\ 33,032 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,967 \\ 36,868 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,725 \\ 41,771 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,246 \\ 45,870 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,129 \\ 48,982 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,334 \\ 55,108 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 325 \\ 69,153 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 121 \\ 69,196 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14,966 \\ & 42,624 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 65 \& \text { up } \\ \text { Avg. Pay } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,618 \\ 23,902 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,497 \\ 27,906 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,096 \\ 33,574 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 608 \\ 41,783 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 427 \\ 48,387 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 299 \\ 57,890 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 88 \\ 63,025 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 77 \\ 79,011 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,710 \\ 33,669 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Total Avg. Pay | $\begin{aligned} & 67,410 \\ & 32,661 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39,674 \\ & 38,421 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33,458 \\ & 43,471 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20,749 \\ & 48,492 \end{aligned}$ | 16,848 <br> 51,727 | $\begin{array}{r} 9,895 \\ 57,873 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,895 \\ 62,135 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}310 \\ 68,544 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}190,239 \\ 40,842 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |

Table A-2: Comparative Summary of Active Data

|  | Prior Year | Current Year |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Average Age | 44.98 years | 45.25 years |
| Average Service | 9.94 years | 10.19 years |
| Average Pay | $\$ 40,359$ | $\$ 40,842$ |
| Percent Female | $69.6 \%$ | $69.4 \%$ |


| Table A-3: Number of Annual Retirement Allowances Of Benefit Recipients as of July 1, 2010 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SERVICE RETIREMENT |  |  |
| Payee Type | Number | Annual Retirement Allowances |
| a. Employees |  |  |
| Maximum \& DRO | 30,595 | \$538,465,555 |
| 10 Year Certain \& Life | 365 | 6,448,806 |
| 100\% J \& S | 1,105 | 24,704,116 |
| 100\% Pop-up | 6,451 | 140,639,913 |
| 50\% J \& S | 711 | 21,565,673 |
| 50\% Pop-up | 4,684 | 128,112,685 |
| Level Income | 2,716 | 53,467,066 |
| Total | 46,627 | \$913,403,814 |
| b. Teachers |  |  |
| Maximum \& DRO | 31,984 | \$628,277,117 |
| 10 Year Certain \& Life | 399 | 7,542,008 |
| 100\% J \& S | 378 | 7,005,673 |
| 100\% Pop-up | 4,026 | 85,732,736 |
| 50\% J \& S | 278 | 7,657,711 |
| 50\% Pop-up | 3,232 | 82,421,134 |
| Level Income | 4,819 | 110,662,965 |
| Total | 45,116 | \$929,299,344 |
| c. Total |  |  |
| Maximum \& DRO | 62,579 | \$1,166,742,672 |
| 10 Year Certain \& Life | 764 | 13,990,814 |
| 100\% J \& S | 1,483 | 31,709,789 |
| 100\% Pop-up | 10,477 | 226,372,649 |
| $50 \%$ J \& S | 989 | 29,223,384 |
| 50\% Pop-up | 7,916 | 210,533,819 |
| Level Income | 7,535 | 164,130,031 |
| Total | 91,743 | \$1,842,703,158 |


| Table A-3 (Cont.): Number of Annual Retirement Allowances Of Benefit Recipients as of July 1, 2010 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DISABILITY RETIREMENT |  |  |
| Payee Type | Number | Annual Retirement Allowances |
| a. Employees |  |  |
| Maximum | 5,742 | \$73,603,346 |
| 10 Year Certain \& Life | 121 | 1,499,539 |
| 100\% J \& S | 253 | 2,403,202 |
| 100\% Pop-up | 541 | 5,631,712 |
| 50\% J \& S | 85 | 1,266,383 |
| 50\% Pop-up | 429 | 6,573,094 |
| Total | 7,171 | \$90,977,276 |
| b. Teachers |  |  |
| Maximum | 4,077 | \$54,576,571 |
| 10 Year Certain \& Life | 73 | 953,191 |
| 100\% J \& S | 108 | 1,005,333 |
| 100\% Pop-up | 234 | 2,454,573 |
| 50\% J \& S | 39 | 598,842 |
| 50\% Pop-up | 204 | 3,323,515 |
| Total | 4,735 | \$62,912,025 |
| c. Total |  |  |
| Maximum | 9,819 | \$128,179,917 |
| 10 Year Certain \& Life | 194 | 2,452,730 |
| 100\% J \& S | 361 | 3,408,535 |
| 100\% Pop-up | 775 | 8,086,285 |
| 50\% J \& S | 124 | 1,865,225 |
| 50\% Pop-up | 633 | 9,896,609 |
| Total | 11,906 | \$153,889,301 |
| BENEFICIARIES |  |  |
| Payee Type | Number | Annual Retirement Allowances |
| a. Employees | 5,356 | \$60,557,519 |
| b. Teachers | 2,389 | 24,225,655 |
| c. Total | 7,745 | \$84,783,174 |


| NUMBER OF RETIRED MEMBERS AND THEIR BENEFITS BY AGE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of |  | Total |  | Average Annual |
| Age | Members |  | Annual Benefits |  | Benefits |
| Under 50 | 419 | \$ | 7,040,473 | \$ | 16,803 |
| 50-54 | 4,013 |  | 102,863,779 |  | 25,632 |
| 55-59 | 11,375 |  | 310,005,717 |  | 27,253 |
| 60-64 | 19,338 |  | 458,471,253 |  | 23,708 |
| 65-69 | 18,653 |  | 354,106,705 |  | 18,983 |
| 70-74 | 13,637 |  | 233,449,598 |  | 17,118 |
| 75-79 | 10,346 |  | 167,139,151 |  | 16,155 |
| 80 \& Over | 13,962 |  | 209,626,482 |  | 15,014 |
| Total | 91,743 | \$ | 1,842,703,158 | \$ | 20,085 |

NUMBER OF DISABLED RETIREES AND THEIR BENEFITS BY AGE

| Age | Number of Members | Total Annual Benefits |  | Average Annual Benefits |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 50 | 1,247 | \$ | 15,267,526 | \$ | 12,243 |
| 50-54 | 1,349 |  | 18,215,875 |  | 13,503 |
| 55-59 | 2,172 |  | 29,989,734 |  | 13,807 |
| 60-64 | 2,828 |  | 37,674,480 |  | 13,322 |
| 65-69 | 1,984 |  | 25,434,845 |  | 12,820 |
| 70-74 | 1,109 |  | 13,073,902 |  | 11,789 |
| 75-79 | 622 |  | 6,900,978 |  | 11,095 |
| 80 \& Over | 595 |  | 7,331,961 |  | 12,323 |
| Total | 11,906 | \$ | 153,889,301 | \$ | 12,925 |

NUMBER OF BENEFICIARIES AND THEIR BENEFITS BY AGE
Average Annual Benefits Annual Benefits 6,839
Under 50
Number of
Members

| $50-54$ | 384 |
| :---: | ---: |
| $55-59$ | 568 |
| $60-64$ | 786 |
| $65-69$ | 842 |
| $70-74$ | 841 |
| $75-79$ | 950 |
| $80 \&$ Over | 2,172 |
| Total | 7,745 |

## Investment Rate of Return

Assumed annual rate of $8.00 \%$ net of investment and administrative expenses composed of a 3.00\% inflation component and a $5.00 \%$ real rate of return component.

## Rates of Annual Salary Increase

Rates of annual salary increase are assumed to vary for the first 14 years of service due to expected merit and promotional increases which differs by employee group. Beginning with the $15^{\text {th }}$ year of service, the assumed annual rate of increase is $4.00 \%$ for both groups and for all future years of service.

The $4.00 \%$ rate of increase is composed of a $3.00 \%$ inflation component and a $1.00 \%$ real rate of wage increase (productivity) component.

| Rates of Annual Salary Increase Assumption |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Years of <br> Service | General <br> Employees | Teachers |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | $8.00 \%$ | $8.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $5.75 \%$ | $8.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $5.00 \%$ | $5.50 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $4.75 \%$ | $5.25 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $4.50 \%$ | $5.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | $4.50 \%$ | $5.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | $4.50 \%$ | $5.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | $4.50 \%$ | $4.75 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | $4.50 \%$ | $4.75 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | $4.50 \%$ | $4.75 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $4.25 \%$ | $4.75 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | $4.25 \%$ | $4.50 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $4.25 \%$ | $4.40 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | $4.25 \%$ | $4.40 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $4.25 \%$ | $4.40 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 5 +}$ | $4.00 \%$ | $4.00 \%$ |
|  |  |  |

We have also provided alternative results based upon a lower expectation of the rate salary increase for the short-term future. Under this alternative, the rates above for active member with 8 or more years of service are decreased by $2 \%$ for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011 and 1\% for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012.

## Active Member Decrement Rates

a. Assumed Rate of Service Retirement and TERI Entry are shown in the table below.

| Annual Rates of Retirement and TERI Entry |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teachers |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Reduced Service (Early) Retirement |  | First Eligible Unreduced Service (Normal) Retirement |  | Subsequent Eligibility for Unreduced Service (Normal) Retirement |  |
| Age | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 50 | 0\% | 0\% | 50\% | 55\% | 20\% | 25\% |
| 55 | 10\% | 11\% | 80\% | 70\% | 30\% | 30\% |
| 60 | 11\% | 14\% | 65\% | 70\% | 45\% | 40\% |
| 61 | 15\% | 16\% | 75\% | 70\% | 50\% | 45\% |
| 62 | 25\% | 21\% | 80\% | 85\% | 60\% | 50\% |
| 63 | 18\% | 20\% | 50\% | 65\% | 40\% | 40\% |
| 64 | 22\% | 15\% | 40\% | 50\% | 35\% | 30\% |
| 65 | 0\% | 0\% | 45\% | 50\% | 50\% | 50\% |
| 66 | 0\% | 0\% | 20\% | 20\% | 30\% | 30\% |
| 67 | 0\% | 0\% | 20\% | 20\% | 25\% | 30\% |
| 68 | 0\% | 0\% | 20\% | 20\% | 25\% | 25\% |
| 69 | 0\% | 0\% | 20\% | 20\% | 25\% | 25\% |
| 70 | 0\% | 0\% | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Employees |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Reduced Service (Early) Retirement |  | First Eligible Unreduced Service (Normal) Retirement |  | Subsequent Eligibility for Unreduced Service (Normal) Retirement |  |
| Age | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 50 | 0\% | 0\% | 35\% | 45\% | 15\% | 15\% |
| 55 | 8\% | 10\% | 45\% | 55\% | 20\% | 25\% |
| 60 | 8\% | 13\% | 55\% | 60\% | 15\% | 20\% |
| 61 | 12\% | 14\% | 40\% | 65\% | 15\% | 20\% |
| 62 | 21\% | 21\% | 80\% | 70\% | 20\% | 35\% |
| 63 | 14\% | 18\% | 45\% | 60\% | 15\% | 25\% |
| 64 | 12\% | 15\% | 35\% | 45\% | 15\% | 20\% |
| 65 | 0\% | 0\% | 40\% | 45\% | 35\% | 35\% |
| 66 | 0\% | 0\% | 20\% | 20\% | 25\% | 25\% |
| 67 | 0\% | 0\% | 20\% | 20\% | 25\% | 25\% |
| 68 | 0\% | 0\% | 20\% | 20\% | 20\% | 25\% |
| 69 | 0\% | 0\% | 20\% | 20\% | 20\% | 25\% |
| 70 | 0\% | 0\% | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% |

b. Election of Teachers and Employees Retention Incentive (TERI)

We assumed $37.5 \%$ of members electing to either retire or enter TERI before age 65 will elect to enter TERI and will remain in TERI for three years.
c. Active Member Mortality

Rates of active member mortality are based upon the RP 2000 Employee Mortality Table. Sample rates are shown in the table below.

| Active Member Mortality Assumption |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | General Employees |  | Teachers |  |
| Age | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 25 | 0.04\% | 0.01\% | 0.03\% | 0.01\% |
| 30 | 0.04\% | 0.02\% | 0.03\% | 0.01\% |
| 35 | 0.08\% | 0.03\% | 0.06\% | 0.03\% |
| 40 | 0.11\% | 0.05\% | 0.08\% | 0.04\% |
| 45 | 0.15\% | 0.07\% | 0.11\% | 0.06\% |
| 50 | 0.21\% | 0.11\% | 0.16\% | 0.09\% |
| 55 | 0.30\% | 0.16\% | 0.23\% | 0.14\% |
| 60 | 0.49\% | 0.26\% | 0.37\% | 0.22\% |
| 64 | 0.70\% | 0.35\% | 0.53\% | 0.30\% |

d. Rates of Disability Incidence

Rate of disability incidence for active members is based upon the 2002-2007 Experience Study. Sample rates are shown in the table below.

## Active Member Disability Incidence

| Age | General Employees |  | Teachers |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 25 | 0.06\% | 0.06\% | 0.05\% | 0.06\% |
| 30 | 0.13\% | 0.08\% | 0.08\% | 0.08\% |
| 35 | 0.19\% | 0.16\% | 0.10\% | 0.08\% |
| 40 | 0.32\% | 0.21\% | 0.20\% | 0.13\% |
| 45 | 0.44\% | 0.30\% | 0.33\% | 0.28\% |
| 50 | 0.63\% | 0.51\% | 0.52\% | 0.44\% |
| 55 | 1.01\% | 0.81\% | 0.85\% | 0.72\% |
| 60 | 1.27\% | 1.24\% | 1.31\% | 1.10\% |
| 64 | 1.58\% | 1.72\% | 1.64\% | 1.38\% |

e. Rates of Withdrawal

Rate of withdrawal for active members prior to eligibility for retirement are based upon the 2002 - 2007 Experience Study. Rates are developed for each employee group and differ by gender and service. Sample rates are shown in the table below.

| Probability of Decrement Due to Withdrawal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Male Teachers by Years of Service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10+ |
| 25 | 0.2964 | 0.2029 | 0.1384 | 0.0973 | 0.0721 | 0.0578 | 0.0513 | 0.0508 | 0.0518 | 0.0538 | 0.0560 |
| 30 | 0.2721 | 0.1922 | 0.1356 | 0.0990 | 0.0776 | 0.0662 | 0.0607 | 0.0577 | 0.0538 | 0.0477 | 0.0387 |
| 35 | 0.2531 | 0.1823 | 0.1316 | 0.0990 | 0.0805 | 0.0708 | 0.0657 | 0.0611 | 0.0540 | 0.0429 | 0.0273 |
| 40 | 0.2371 | 0.1730 | 0.1271 | 0.0979 | 0.0817 | 0.0730 | 0.0679 | 0.0619 | 0.0529 | 0.0390 | 0.0199 |
| 45 | 0.2239 | 0.1649 | 0.1228 | 0.0960 | 0.0811 | 0.0726 | 0.0669 | 0.0600 | 0.0503 | 0.0359 | 0.0167 |
| 50 | 0.2135 | 0.1587 | 0.1192 | 0.0936 | 0.0787 | 0.0698 | 0.0628 | 0.0553 | 0.0460 | 0.0335 | 0.0174 |
| 55 | 0.2063 | 0.1549 | 0.1168 | 0.0908 | 0.0742 | 0.0645 | 0.0557 | 0.0479 | 0.0401 | 0.0317 | 0.0222 |
| 60 | 0.1996 | 0.1518 | 0.1143 | 0.0865 | 0.0669 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| Female Teachers by Years of Service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |  | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10+ |
| 25 | 0.2299 | 0.1608 | 0.1209 | 0.1006 | 0.0892 | 0.0841 | 0.0827 | 0.0802 | 0.0731 | 0.0660 | 0.0601 |
| 30 | 0.2269 | 0.1664 | 0.1260 | 0.1015 | 0.0878 | 0.0802 | 0.0751 | 0.0696 | 0.0618 | 0.0527 | 0.0426 |
| 35 | 0.2171 | 0.1597 | 0.1208 | 0.0966 | 0.0830 | 0.0748 | 0.0682 | 0.0615 | 0.0536 | 0.0434 | 0.0303 |
| 40 | 0.2045 | 0.1477 | 0.1106 | 0.0885 | 0.0759 | 0.0683 | 0.0616 | 0.0551 | 0.0475 | 0.0368 | 0.0215 |
| 45 | 0.1930 | 0.1361 | 0.1001 | 0.0798 | 0.0685 | 0.0619 | 0.0561 | 0.0504 | 0.0435 | 0.0329 | 0.0163 |
| 50 | 0.1866 | 0.1296 | 0.0937 | 0.0738 | 0.0633 | 0.0570 | 0.0523 | 0.0478 | 0.0417 | 0.0317 | 0.0154 |
| 55 | 0.1879 | 0.1308 | 0.0935 | 0.0727 | 0.0626 | 0.0543 | 0.0509 | 0.0474 | 0.0420 | 0.0331 | 0.0190 |
| 60 | 0.1948 | 0.1379 | 0.0986 | 0.0758 | 0.0660 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| Male Employees by Years of Service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10+ |
| 25 | 0.3288 | 0.2466 | 0.1902 | 0.1554 | 0.1345 | 0.1166 | 0.0963 | 0.0783 | 0.0650 | 0.0595 | 0.0662 |
| 30 | 0.2939 | 0.2211 | 0.1726 | 0.1425 | 0.1236 | 0.1089 | 0.0951 | 0.0821 | 0.0704 | 0.0603 | 0.0530 |
| 35 | 0.2678 | 0.1997 | 0.1553 | 0.1285 | 0.1122 | 0.1010 | 0.0916 | 0.0822 | 0.0716 | 0.0586 | 0.0424 |
| 40 | 0.2456 | 0.1804 | 0.1384 | 0.1140 | 0.1002 | 0.0922 | 0.0861 | 0.0791 | 0.0695 | 0.0549 | 0.0335 |
| 45 | 0.2257 | 0.1636 | 0.1233 | 0.1003 | 0.0882 | 0.0825 | 0.0781 | 0.0727 | 0.0639 | 0.0493 | 0.0266 |
| 50 | 0.2082 | 0.1501 | 0.1115 | 0.0891 | 0.0774 | 0.0717 | 0.0675 | 0.0626 | 0.0547 | 0.0419 | 0.0224 |
| 55 | 0.1942 | 0.1410 | 0.1041 | 0.0814 | 0.0691 | 0.0600 | 0.0543 | 0.0488 | 0.0419 | 0.0328 | 0.0212 |
| 60 | 0.1827 | 0.1351 | 0.1002 | 0.0770 | 0.0632 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| Female Employees by Years of Service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | , | 8 | 9 | 10+ |
| 25 | 0.2981 | 0.2459 | 0.2060 | 0.1772 | 0.1560 | 0.1385 | 0.1248 | 0.1159 | 0.1094 | 0.1030 | 0.0940 |
| 30 | 0.2710 | 0.2236 | 0.1864 | 0.1591 | 0.1395 | 0.1253 | 0.1145 | 0.1059 | 0.0970 | 0.0853 | 0.0688 |
| 35 | 0.2506 | 0.2015 | 0.1657 | 0.1410 | 0.1244 | 0.1130 | 0.1042 | 0.0958 | 0.0857 | 0.0712 | 0.0505 |
| 40 | 0.2329 | 0.1803 | 0.1451 | 0.1233 | 0.1101 | 0.1010 | 0.0935 | 0.0854 | 0.0748 | 0.0592 | 0.0367 |
| 45 | 0.2172 | 0.1622 | 0.1275 | 0.1080 | 0.0972 | 0.0894 | 0.0825 | 0.0746 | 0.0644 | 0.0493 | 0.0276 |
| 50 | 0.2041 | 0.1493 | 0.1151 | 0.0966 | 0.0864 | 0.0787 | 0.0715 | 0.0637 | 0.0543 | 0.0414 | 0.0234 |
| 55 | 0.1946 | 0.1429 | 0.1091 | 0.0895 | 0.0778 | 0.0688 | 0.0605 | 0.0526 | 0.0445 | 0.0353 | 0.0240 |
| 60 | 0.1873 | 0.1412 | 0.1079 | 0.0855 | 0.0701 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |

## Appendix B: Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

## Post-Retirement Mortality

a. Healthy retirees and beneficiaries - The UP-94 Mortality Table rates, with the male teachers and both employee groups' female rates set back one year. Sample rates are shown in the table below.

| Healthy Post-Retirement Mortality Assumption |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | General Employees |  | Teachers |  |
| Age | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 50 | 0.28\% | 0.14\% | 0.25\% | 0.14\% |
| 55 | 0.48\% | 0.22\% | 0.43\% | 0.22\% |
| 60 | 0.86\% | 0.42\% | 0.76\% | 0.42\% |
| 65 | 1.56\% | 0.82\% | 1.39\% | 0.82\% |
| 70 | 2.55\% | 1.37\% | 2.34\% | 1.37\% |
| 75 | 4.00\% | 2.19\% | 3.66\% | 2.19\% |
| 80 | 6.67\% | 3.80\% | 6.01\% | 3.80\% |
| 85 | 10.46\% | 6.56\% | 9.64\% | 6.56\% |

b. A separate table of mortality rates is used for disabled retirees based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table. The following are sample rates:

| Disabled Post-Retirement Mortality Assumption |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | General Employees |  | Teachers |  |
| Age | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 50 | 2.46\% | 1.27\% | 2.17\% | 1.27\% |
| 55 | 3.01\% | 1.82\% | 2.66\% | 1.82\% |
| 60 | 3.57\% | 2.40\% | 3.15\% | 2.40\% |
| 65 | 4.26\% | 3.08\% | 3.76\% | 3.08\% |
| 70 | 5.32\% | 4.14\% | 4.69\% | 4.14\% |
| 75 | 6.98\% | 5.75\% | 6.16\% | 5.75\% |
| 80 | 9.30\% | 7.95\% | 8.20\% | 7.95\% |
| 85 | 12.04\% | 11.02\% | 10.62\% | 11.02\% |

## Marriage Assumption

$100 \%$ of all active members are assumed to be married, with female spouse being 3 years younger than males.

## Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial value of assets is equal to the market value of assets less a ten-year phase in of the excess (shortfall) between expected market investment return (including the return on TERI balances) and actual net investment income (excess returns and shortfalls determined prior to July 1, 2008 remain with a five-year phase in).

## Actuarial Cost Method

The contribution rate is set by statute for both employees and employers. The funding period is determined, as described below, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method. The Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method allocates the plan's actuarial present value of future benefits to various periods based upon service. The portion of the present value of future benefits allocated to years of service prior to the valuation date is the actuarial accrued liability, and the portion allocated to years following the valuation date is the present value of future normal costs. The normal cost is determined for each active member as the level percent of payroll necessary to fully fund the expected benefits to be earned over the career of each individual active member. The normal cost is partially funded with active member contributions with the remainder funded by employer contributions.

An unfunded accrued liability exists in the amount equal to the excess of accrued liability over valuation assets. The amortization period of the System is the number of years required to fully amortize the unfunded accrued liability with the expected amount of employer contributions in excess of the employers' portion of the normal cost.

The calculation of the amortization period takes into account scheduled increases to contribution rates applicable to future years and payroll growth. Also, the calculation of the amortization period reflects additional contributions the System receives with respect to post 7/1/2005 TERI participants, ORP participants and return to work retirees. These contributions are assumed to grow at the same payroll growth rate as for active SCRS employees. It is assumed that amortization payments are made monthly at the end of the month.

## Unused Annual Leave

To account for the effect of unused annual leave on Annual Final Compensation, liabilities for active members are increased 2.14\%

## Unused Sick Leave

To account for the effect of unused sick leave on members' final credited service, the service of active members who retire is increased 3 months

## Future Cost-of-living Increases

Benefits are assumed to increase $2 \%$ annually beginning on the July $1^{\text {st }}$ next following receipt of 12 monthly benefit payments.

## Administrative and Investment Expenses

The investment return assumption represents the expected return net of all administrative and investment expenses.

## Payroll Growth Rate

The total annual payroll of active members (also applies to TERI, ORP and rehired retiree participants) is assumed to increase at an annual rate of $4.00 \%$. This rate represents the underlying expected annual rate of wage inflation and does not anticipate increases in the number of members.

## Changes from Prior Valuation

None.

## Appendix C: Summary of Plan Provisions

This summary of plan provisions is based on our understanding of the benefits as described by the South Carolina Code of Laws, summary plan descriptions and the South Carolina Retirement Systems. It is intended to only describe the essential features of the plan. All eligibility requirements and benefit amounts shall be determined in strict accordance with the law.

## Effective Date

July 1, 1945

## Eligibility Requirements

All full-time, part-time, or temporary personnel who fill a permanent position as a public school employee, public higher education personnel, state employees, and city, county and other local public employees of participating employers must join as a condition of employment as of the effective date of employment, unless they elect to participate in one of the Optional Retirement Plans (ORP).

Employees in non-permanent positions may choose to join.

## Creditable Service

The sum of "prior service" and "membership service." Prior service means service rendered prior to membership for which credit is allowed. Membership service means service during which contributions have been made. This is counted in years, months, and days.

There are a number of different types of services that may be purchased by an employee under special rules, such as military service.

## Average Final Compensation (AFC)

The total of the highest 12 consecutive quarters of compensation earned divided by 3. Compensation generally includes gross salary or wages, overtime, sick pay, wage deferrals, and termination pay for unused annual leave. The unused annual leave is added to the sum of the highest 12 consecutive quarters prior to dividing by 3 . For members who joined the system on or after January 1, 1996, compensation for benefit and contribution purposes is limited in accordance with IRS Code Section 401(a)17.

## Normal Retirement

Eligibility - Attainment of age 65 with 5 years of creditable service, or completion of 28 years of creditable service.

Benefit - $1.82 \%$ of AFC times creditable service.

## Early Retirement

Eligibility - Attainment of age 60 with 5 years of creditable service, or attainment of age 55 with 25 years of creditable service.

Benefit - Benefit accrued to date of retirement, reduced 5\% for each year prior to 65 (for age 60 eligibility), or $4 \%$ for each year prior to 28 years (for age 55 with 25 years eligibility).

## Teachers and Employees Retention Incentive (TERI)

Upon meeting retirement eligibility, a member can elect to enter the TERI for a maximum of five (5) years, after which employment will cease. The retirement benefits will be accumulated in TERI
accounts and will be paid to the members upon the earlier of actual retirement or the end of participation period. The amount credited to the TERI account is based upon the calculation and form of benefit selected by the member at TERI entry. COLAs are credited to the TERI account. No interest is credited to the TERI account. Employee contributions (for those entering TERI on and after 7/1/2005) and employer contributions continue during TERI participation.

## Disability Retirement

Eligibility - Disability prior to normal retirement age with at least 5 years of creditable service. The service requirement is waived for job related disability.

Benefit - Benefit equal to the amount that would have been payable at age 65 assuming continued employment and AFC at date of disability, less the equivalent benefit that would have been provided by the employee contributions that would have been made until age 65 .

## Death Benefits

Death prior to age 60 or 15 years of creditable service
Refund of employee contributions with interest plus Incidental Death Benefit in a lump sum equal to annual earnable compensation at time of death. Incidental Death Benefit payable only to members whose employer participates and with at least 1 year of creditable service, unless death is job related.

Death after age 60 or with 15 years of creditable service
Same as above. However, instead of the refund of employee contributions with interest, the beneficiary may elect to receive an annuity equal to the amount that would have been payable had the employee retired the day before death under Option B described below.

## Incidental Death Benefit

## Pre-Retirement

Eligibility - Upon the death of a current contributing member of SCRS who had completed at least one full year of membership in the system or upon the death of member as a result of an injury arising out of and in the course of the performance of his duties regardless of length of membership, whose employer had elected coverage under the Incidental Death Benefit program.

Benefit - Upon the death of an eligible pre-retirement member, a payment equal to the annual earnable compensation of the member at the time of death is made to the member's beneficiary or, if none, the member's estate.

## Post-Retirement

Eligibility - Eligible current and future retirees and those not considered contributing members of SCRS and whose employer at the date of retirement had elected coverage under the Incidental Death Benefit program.

Benefit - Upon the death of an eligible retiree, an one-time payment is made to the retiree's beneficiary or, if none, the retiree's estate. The payment amount is based upon the retiree's years of service credits as provided in the table below.

| Death Benefit Payment Amount |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Years of Credited Service at Retirement | Lump Sum <br> Death Benefit |
| At least 10 years but less than 20 years | $\$ 2,000$ |
| At least 20 years but less than 28 years | $\$ 4,000$ |
| 28 or more years | $\$ 6,000$ |

## Employee Contributions

The member contribution rate is $6.50 \%$ of earnable compensation. Accumulated member contributions are credited with interest at the rate of $4 \%$ per year.

## Vested Benefit Upon Termination

Eligibility - 100\% vesting upon completion of 5 years of creditable service.
Benefit - Accrued benefit as of date of termination payable as of age 60.

## Termination Benefit

Eligibility - Elect return of accumulated employee contributions.
Benefit - Return of employee contributions plus interest.

## Optional Forms of Retirement Income

Option A Monthly life annuity with guaranteed return of employee contributions plus interest. (This is the normal form of payment).

Option B Monthly life annuity with $100 \%$ of reduced benefit continued to beneficiary upon death, reverting to maximum option if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

Option C Monthly life annuity with $50 \%$ of reduced benefit continued to beneficiary upon death, reverting to maximum option if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

## Cost of Living Adjustment

Beginning the July $1^{\text {st }}$ following one year of receiving benefits, the monthly benefit amount will increase by the calendar year change in CPI but not to exceed 2\%. Additional ad hoc COLAs may be paid as approved by the State Budget and Control Board and based upon the financial condition of the System and the requirements of Act 311 (amortization period less than 25 years, amortization period decrease by at least one-year after granting ad hoc COLA, etc.).

## Changes from Prior Valuation

Reflects changes dictated by an amendment to death benefits provided by the plan as a result of the $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { passage } & \text { of } & \text { Act } & 176 & \text { of } & 2010 .\end{array}$


[^0]:    * Reflects 0.145\% increase effective July 1, 2011 and 0.145\% increase effective July 1, 2012.
    ** Incidental Death Benefit Contribution Rate included with Retirement Contribution.
    *** Pending Board approval of a 0.92\% contribution rate increase effective 7/1/2012 or alternatively a $0.48 \%$ increase effective July 1 , 2012 and a $0.48 \%$ increase effective July 1, 2013 to maintain a 30 year period.

[^1]:    * Adjusted to include Incidental Death Benefit Assets

